Chemistry Activity Bag

Reaction Rates: Student Activity Guide

Chemical reactions between the same chemicals can take different amounts of time. Some things speed them up or slow them down, and one of those things is temperature. We are about to explore how much time it takes a chemical tablet and water to react at different temperatures.

These directions will get you started. Your teacher will be in contact to guide you and provide information.

Materials From The Bag

8 effervescent tablets

6 small plastic cups, 4 oz.

1 graduated medicine cup, 30mL

3 foam cups, 4 oz.

You Will Supply These Materials

water

ice cubes

timer or stopwatch

Part 1: Exploration

During this part of the lesson, you will observe and time a chemical reaction. The reaction starts the moment the chemical tablet and water touch each other. That's when you start the timer. You will have to figure out what you will see that tells you the reaction has ended because that's when you stop the timer.

- 1. Fill a small plastic cup with 60 mL of water using the small graduated medicine cup.
- 2. Have a timer or stopwatch and 1 chemical tablet ready.
- 3. Drop the tablet into the cup of water and start the timer.
- 4. Observe the reaction and stop the timer when you determine the reaction to be over.
- 5. Record how long it took for the reaction to end and what you saw that told you the reaction had ended.
- 6. Your teacher may have a class discussion about results. You will try to agree on what you see that tells you the reaction has ended. Be sure you understand what the finished reaction looks like. Understanding this will make your tests in Part 2 more accurate.

Part 2: Temperature and Reaction Rates

Get 3 foam cups and label them: **room temp**, **hot**, and **cold**. Water that sits out long enough to be the same temperature as the room it's in is called "room temperature." It usually takes about an hour of sitting.

Room Temperature Test

- 1. Fill the foam cup labeled **room temp** with water and let sit out until the water reaches room temperature.
- 2. Once the **room temp** cup temp is ready, use the small graduated medicine cup to pour 60mL of room temp water into a small clear plastic cup.
- 3. Have a timer or stopwatch and 1 chemical tablet ready.
- 4. Drop the tablet into the cup of water and start the timer.
- 5. Observe the reaction and stop the timer when the tablet has reached its endpoint.
- 6. Create a data table and record the time it took for the tablet to dissolve in room temp water.

Cold Water Test

- 1. Fill the foam cup labeled **cold** with water and several ice cubes.
- 2. Pour 60mL of cold water into a small clear plastic cup (no ice cubes in the small clear plastic cup).
- 3. Have a timer or stopwatch and 1 chemical tablet ready.

- 4. **Before you begin the test**, predict how much time you think it will take for the reaction to finish in **cold** water. Record your prediction in your data table.
- 5. Drop the tablet in the cup of cold water and start the timer.
- 6. Observe the reaction and stop the timer when the reaction finishes.
- 7. Record your results on your data table and compare them to your prediction.

Hot Water Test

- 1. Turn on the hot water in your tap and let it run until it gets hot. Fill the foam cup labeled **hot** with this hot water.
- 2. Use the small graduated medicine cup to pour 60mL of hot water into a small clear plastic cup.
- 3. Have a timer or stopwatch ready and 1 chemical tablet.
- 4. <u>Predict</u> how long you think it will take the reaction to finish in **hot** water. Record your prediction on your data table.
- 5. Drop the tablet in the cup of hot water and start the timer.
- 6. Observe the reaction and stop the timer when the reaction finishes.
- 7. Record your results on your data table and compare them to your prediction.

Part 3: Graph, Analyze, Predict and Test

Use the data you collected in part 2 to make a **bar graph** comparing reaction times at different temperatures. Leave space between the bars on the graph. *How do you think temperature affects reaction time?* Before you begin, look at the space in your graph between cold and room temperature, and between room temperature and hot. Use your graph to predict how long reactions will take at those temperatures. After you predict, you can test and compare your results to your predictions.

First Test "Cold + Room Temperature"

- 1. Get a cup with cold (ice) water labeled **cold**, and a cup with room temperature water labeled **room temp.**
- 2. Use the small graduated medicine cup to pour 30mL of **cold** water and 30mL of **room temp** water into an empty small clear plastic cup. What would you call the temperature of this water?
- 3. Have a timer or stopwatch and 1 chemical tablet ready.
- 4. Predict how long you think it will take this reaction to finish. Record your prediction on your data table.
- 5. Drop the chemical tablet into the cup of water and start the timer.
- 6. Observe the reaction and stop the timer when the reaction is finished.
- 7. Record your results on your data table and compare them to your prediction.

Second Test "Hot + Room Temperature"

- 1. For this test you will need a foam cup with hot water from your tap labeled **hot** and a cup of room temperature water labeled **room temp.**
- 2. Use the small graduated medicine cup to pour 30mL of **hot** water and 30mL of **room temp** water from the foam cups into a small clear plastic cup. What would you call the temperature of this water?
- 3. Have a timer or stopwatch and 1 chemical tablet ready.
- 4. Predict how long you think it will take for this reaction to occur? Use your data and graph. Record your prediction on your data table.
- 5. Drop the tablet into the cup of water and start the timer.
- 6. Observe the reaction and stop the timer when the reaction is finished.
- 7. Record your results on your data table and compare them to your prediction.